Scott County Board of Supervisors March 4, 2021 5:00 p.m.

The Board of Supervisors met pursuant to adjournment with Maxwell, Beck, Croken, Kinzer and Knobbe present. Due to social distancing concerns relating to COVID19, Supervisors and staff participated electronically. The Board recited the Pledge of Allegiance.

Moved by Kinzer, seconded by Knobbe a motion approving the minutes of the February 16, 2021 Committee of the Whole Meeting and the minutes of the February 18, 2021 Regular Board Meeting. Roll Call: All Ayes.

Moved by Knobbe, seconded by Maxwell that the following resolution be approved. Roll Call: All Ayes.

IT IS THEREFORE RESOLVED by the Board to accept the bid from Manatt's, Inc., in the amount of \$1,189,997.75 and awards the associated contract(s) to the same;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that all other resolutions or parts of resolutions in conflict with this resolution are hereby repealed. If any part of this resolution is adjudged invalid or unconstitutional, such adjudication shall not affect the validity of the resolution or action of The Board as a whole or any part thereof not adjudged invalid or unconstitutional. This resolution shall be in full force and effect from and after the date of its approval as provided by law; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Board of Supervisors of Scott County, Iowa, that after receiving the necessary contract documents, including but not limited to, the contractor's bond and certificate of insurance, Angela K. Kersten, the County Engineer for Scott County, Iowa, be and is hereby designated, authorized, and empowered on behalf of the Board of Supervisors of said County to execute the contract(s) in connection with the afore awarded construction project let through the DOT for this county.

Moved by Knobbe, seconded by Maxwell that the following resolution be approved. Roll Call: All Ayes.

BE IT RESOLVED: 1) That the contract for pavement markings be awarded to Vogel Traffic Services contingent on the unit prices listed in the contract. 2) That the Chairperson be authorized to sign the contract documents on behalf of the Board. 3) That this resolution shall take effect immediately.

Moved by Knobbe, seconded by Maxwell that the following resolution be approved. Roll Call: All Ayes.

BE IT RESOLVED: 1) That Scott County enters into a contract with Hydro-Klean, LLC, to perform storm sewer televising services in Park View. 2) That the County Engineer

be authorized to sign the contract document on behalf of the Board. 3) That this resolution shall take effect immediately.

Moved by Knobbe, seconded by Maxwell that the following resolution be approved. Roll Call: All Ayes.

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED BY the Scott County Board of Supervisors as follows: 1) A public hearing on the proposed sale of vacated road right-of-way will be held at the Scott County Administration Building on Thursday, March 18, 2021, at 5:00 p.m. 2) This resolution shall take effect immediately.

Moved by Knobbe, seconded by Maxwell the first of two readings of an ordinance to amend the zoning map by rezoning approximately 68 acres in Section 36, Winfield Township, from Agricultural- General (A-G) to Single Family Residential (R-1) all within unincorporated Scott County. Roll Call: All Ayes.

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE ZONING MAP BY REZONING APPROXIMATELY 68 ACRES IN SECTION 36, WINFIELD TOWNSHIP FROM AGRICULTURAL-GENERAL (A-G) TO SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL (R-1), ALL WITHIN UNINCORPORATED SCOTT COUNTY.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF SCOTT COUNTY IOWA:

Section 1. In accordance with Section 6-31 Scott County Code, the following described unit of real estate is hereby rezoned from Agricultural-General (A-G) to Single Family Residential (R-1) to-wit:

The NW¼NE¼ of Section 36 in Township 80 North, Range 3 East of the 5th P.M. (Winfield Township) AND the NE¼NE¼ excluding the East 555 feet of the South 800 feet of the NE¼NE¼ of Section 36 in Township 80 North, Range 3 East of the 5th P.M. (Winfield Township)

Section 2. This ordinance changing the above described land to Single Family Residential (R-1) is approved as recommended by the Planning and Zoning Commission with the condition that any development or subdivision require an environmental review to determine the location of historic dumpsites and that no more than six (6) lots be subdivided from the property unless this ordinance is amended.

Section 3. The County Auditor is directed to record this ordinance in the County Recorder's Office.

Section 4. Severability Clause. If any of the provisions of this Ordinance are for any reason illegal or void, then the lawful provisions of the Ordinance, which are separate from said unlawful provisions shall be and remain in full force and effect, the same as if the Ordinance contained no illegal or void provisions.

Section 5. Repealer. All ordinances or part of ordinances in conflict with the provisions of the Ordinance are hereby repealed.

Section 6. Effective Date. This Ordinance shall be in full force and effect after its final passage and publication as by law provided.

Moved by Knobbe, seconded by Maxwell the first of two readings of an ordinance to repeal Chapter 9 of the Scott County Code and adopt a new Chapter 9 which adopts updates and amendments to Subdivision regulations in the unincorporated areas of Scott County.

Moved by Croken, seconded by Kinzer a motion to amend the ordinance to restore the recommendation of the Planning and Zoning Commission requiring a four-fifths vote by this Board to alter the recommendation of the Planning and Zoning Committee. Roll Call: three Nays, with Croken and Kinzer voting Aye.

Roll Call on the following original ordinance: All Ayes.

AN ORDINANCE TO REPEAL CHAPTER 9 OF THE SCOTT COUNTY CODE AND ADOPT A NEW CHAPTER 9 WHICH ADOPTS UPDATES AND AMENDMENTS TO SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS IN THE UNINCORPORATED AREAS OF SCOTT COUNTY

BE IT ENACTED BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF SCOTT COUNTY IOWA:

Section 1. Repeal all of Chapter 9, SCOTT COUNTY CODE, 2008.

Section 2. Adopt a new Chapter 9, SCOTT COUNTY CODE, which reads as follows:

#### SCOTT COUNTY CODE CHAPTER 9 SUBDIVISION ORDINANCE

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Adopted: November 15, 1979, Amended/Replaced: March 4, 1982, December 18, 1986, December 17, 1992, December 22, 1998, April 25, 2002, March 11, 2003, July 10, 2008 (SUDAS adopted), March 18, 2021.

## SEC. 9-1. TITLE

This Chapter may be known and cited as the "Subdivision Ordinance" of Scott County, Iowa.

#### SEC. 9-2. PURPOSE

A. To provide for accurate, clear, and concise legal descriptions of real estate in order to prevent, wherever possible, land boundary disputes or real estate title problems. B. To encourage orderly development in unincorporated Scott County and provide for the regulation and control of the extension of public and private improvements and public services; to facilitate the adequate provision of transportation, water, sewerage, schools, parks, and other public requirements; to provide for the improvement of land, and the design of subdivisions, consistent with the goals, objectives and policies set forth in the Scott County Comprehensive Plan.

C. To provide for a balance between the land use rights of individual landowners and the economic, social, and environmental concerns of the public when Scott County is reviewing proposed development, or enforcing land use regulations that will enable Scott County to encourage efficient, yet attractive, urban development patterns; to provide for the residential and business needs of the County through new and re-platted subdivisions; to preserve the availability of agricultural land; to protect soil from wind and water erosion; and to protect environmentally sensitive areas from degradation.

D. To ensure that all subdivisions of land in unincorporated Scott County are reviewed in a consistent manner and to ensure that divisions of land do not escape review simply because they occur one division at a time or are performed to accord with legal proceedings, orders or testamentary dispositions.

## SEC. 9-3. GENERAL JURISDICTION

Scott County hereby implements the authority granted counties to regulate the division of land as authorized by Chapter 354, Code of lowa. It shall be unlawful for any person

who has equitable or legal title to or any executor or administrator exercising possession or control over real estate located in unincorporated Scott County to divide the parcel of real estate into two or more smaller parcels or lots unless by a plat in accordance with this Chapter. The plat shall be submitted to the Scott County Board of Supervisors or its designee for approval or disapproval. No plat shall be recorded, no lots sold, and no land dedicated to the County unless and until approved as herein provided.

## SEC. 9-4 INTERPRETATION, CONFLICT AND SEVERABILITY

A. In their interpretation and application, the provisions of this ordinance shall be held to be uniformly applicable minimum requirements. More stringent provisions may be required if it is demonstrated that different standards are necessary to promote the public health, safety and welfare.

B. Where this Chapter conflicts with another law or administrative rule of the State or Federal Government, the provision of the ordinance, law, or rule with the greater restrictive impact shall apply. The subdivider and property owner shall divide their real estate in compliance with the stricter standard that affects their property. Where this Chapter differs with private easements, covenants, or restrictive agreements, the more restrictive standard shall govern. If such private property restrictions impose lesser requirements on the subdivision or division of land, the provisions of this Chapter, or applicable State and/or Federal law, shall control. C. The provisions of this ordinance are separable. If a section, sentence, clause, or phrase of this ordinance is adjudged by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, the decision shall not affect the remaining portions of this ordinance.

## SEC. 9-5. DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this Chapter, certain terms and words are hereby defined. Words used in the present tense shall include the future, the singular number shall include the plural, and the plural the singular; the word "shall" is mandatory, the word "may" is permissive.

- 1. A.A.S.H.O. American Association of State Highway Officials.
- 2. ALIQUOT PART. A fractional part of a section within the United States public land survey system, only the fractional parts one-half, one-quarter, one-half of one-quarter, or one-quarter of one-quarter shall be considered an aliquot part of a section.
- 3. A.S.T.M. American Society for Testing Materials.
- 4. AUDITOR'S PLAT. A subdivision plat required by either the Auditor or the Assessor, prepared by a surveyor under the direction of the Auditor or the Assessor. Such plats are intended to clarify property tax descriptions for the purposes of assessment and taxation.
- 5. BOARD. Scott County Board of Supervisors
- 6. BUILDING SETBACK LINE. A designated front, side or rear property setback line which may be shown on a plat between a common property line of an adjacent property and/or public right-of-way line and/or private road or access easement line. No buildings or structures may be erected closer to the dedicated right of way or road easement unless otherwise permitted in the Zoning Ordinance.
- 7. COMMISSION. The Scott County Planning and Zoning Commission.

- 8. COUNTY. The unincorporated portions of Scott County, Iowa.
- 9. COUNTY ENGINEER. The Scott County Engineer or any of the assistants designated to act for the County Engineer in carrying out the duties prescribed by the Code of Iowa and the County Code.
- 10. CUL-DE-SAC. A dead-end street permanently closed to through-traffic, being terminated by a vehicular turnaround, generally circular in shape or with provisions for vehicle turnaround approved by the County Engineer.
- 11. DEDICATION OF RIGHTS OF WAY. A grant to the public, Scott County, or other private entity of title in fee simple to land or other real property and improvements within the area shown on the plat for road, street and pedestrian access, public and private utilities and storm water drainage. Dedication of rights of way to the public shall not require nor imply acceptance of roads and streets within such rights of way onto the Scott County Secondary Road System for maintenance.
- 12. DIRECTOR. The Scott County Planning Director, the individual designated by the Board of Supervisors to administer this Chapter.
- 13. DIVISION. The division of a tract or parcel of land into two parcels of land by conveyance or for tax purposes. The conveyance of an easement, other than a public highway, shall not be considered a division for the purpose of this chapter.
- 14. EASEMENT. An authorization by a property owner for the use by another and for a specified purpose, of a designated part of his property.
- 15. ENGINEER. The registered engineer employed by the proprietor of a subdivision to prepare the design plans and specifications and to oversee the construction of all engineering improvements shown on the approved final plans and the requirements of Chapter 9 of the County Code.
- 16. FINAL PLAT. The graphical representation of the subdivision of land and accompanying legal documents and certificates which meet the requirements of this Chapter and comply with Chapters 355 and 354, Code of Iowa, and when approved by the Board of Supervisors shall be recorded in the office of the Scott County Recorder.
- 17. FLAG LOT. A lot shaped like a flag attached to a flagpole, where the buildable portion of the lot is connected to a street by a narrow strip or stem of land used as the driveway.
- 18. I.D.O.T. lowa Department of Transportation.
- 19. IMPROVEMENTS. Addition of any facility or construction on land necessary to prepare land for building sites, and including road paving, drainage ways, sewer, water mains, wells, and other utilities and appurtenances.
- 20. LABORATORY. Any materials testing laboratory which is approved by the County Engineer.
- 21. LOT. A parcel of land occupied or intended for occupancy by one (1) primary building together with its accessory buildings, including the open spaces required by this Chapter and the Zoning Ordinance, and having its principal frontage upon a street or road.
- 22. LOT OF RECORD. A lot which is part of a subdivision, recorded in the Scott County Recorder's Office as of the adoption date of the amended Subdivision Ordinance adopted by the Board of Supervisors on March 4, 1982. For lots not part of a recorded subdivision, a lot is any parcel or tract of land recorded in the Scott County Recorder's

- Office prior to January 1, 1978, the adoption date of Scott County's first subdivision regulation.
- 23. MAJOR PLAT. All subdivisions not classified as minor plats, including but not limited to subdivisions of five (5) or more lots, or any size plat requiring any new street or extension of public facilities, or the creation of any public improvements.
- 24. MINOR PLAT. Any subdivision or re-subdivision containing not more than four (4) lots fronting on an existing street, not involving any new street or road, or extension of municipal facilities, or the creation of any public improvements, and not adversely affecting the remainder of the parcel or adjoining property.
- 25. MUTCD. Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, as adopted by the Iowa Department of Transportation per 761 of the Iowa Administrative Code (IAC), Chapter 130.
- 26. OUTLOT. A lot which is too small, too irregular, or inaccessible to allow development; or the remaining area of a large parcel from which one or more smaller lots have been subdivided which is not intended to be developed until further subdivided. An outlot may also be created for open space or stormwater drainage purposes and owned by the developer, owner's association or an adjacent property owner.
- 27. OWNER. Any person, or legal entity, having legal or equitable title to or sufficient proprietary interest in the land sought to be subdivided under these regulations.
- 28. PERFORMANCE BOND. A surety bond or cash deposit made out to the Board of Supervisors in the amount equal to the full cost of the improvements which are required by this regulation, said cost being estimated by the County Engineer and said surety bond or cash deposit being legally sufficient to secure to the County that the said improvements will be constructed in accordance with this Chapter.
- 29. PERSON. "Person" as used herein means individuals, executors, trustees, partnerships, corporations, firms and associations of whatever form.
- 30. PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION. The Scott County Planning and Zoning Commission.
- 31. PLAT OF SURVEY. Graphical representation of the division of land including a complete and accurate description of the lot or parcel, prepared by a registered land surveyor.
- 32. PRELIMINARY PLAT. A study, including drawings, indicating the proposed manner of layout and construction of a subdivision and its proposed improvements, which is submitted to the Board of Supervisors, the Planning and Development Department, and other applicable county departments for approval.
- 33. RE-SUBDIVISION. Any division of land which has previously been included in a plat of record, including auditor's plats and subdivisions. In appropriate context, it may be a verb referring to the act of preparing a plat of previously subdivided land.
- 34. RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE. The boundary of an area dedicated to the public, Scott County, other municipality or private entity. Typically located along the boundaries of roadways, parallel to the front property line. Whether labeled as right of way, access easement or road easement it is the line from which building setbacks are determined and measured.
- 35. ROAD (ROADWAY, STREET, HIGHWAY). All land within right-of-way lines or within road or access easements dedicated to or intended for public or private use and

restricted to transportation, storm water drainage and utilities. Includes public and private roadways and road or access easements, but excludes private driveways and parking areas that are not in areas designated as easements.

- 36. ROAD OR ACCESS EASEMENT. An area shown on the plat where the ownership or fee title of the property within the easement is retained by the adjacent property owner(s) but is an area designated and reserved for the purpose of providing public or private access for roadways, sidewalks, bike trails, public and/or private utilities and storm water drainage. Whether labeled as right of way, access easement or road easement it is the line from which building setbacks are determined and measured.

  37. ROAD, PRIVATE. Private roads may be within dedicated rights of way but generally are constructed within road and/or access easements. Private roads may or may not be open to public use for access to and through a subdivision. Private roads may also be restricted for the exclusive and private use of the adjacent land owners for which said easements are retained. Maintenance of private roads are the responsibility of the adjacent property owners or the Private Road Association designated for such maintenance responsibilities at the time the subdivision is recorded. This excludes private driveways and parking areas that are entirely contained on private property and not designated with any easements.
- 38. ROAD, PUBLIC, Public roads and streets generally are constructed within public rights of way and are intended to be open to public use and adjacent residents for access to and through a subdivision. Public roads may be maintained by Scott County or some other legal mechanism or entity as determined at the discretion of the Board of Supervisors.
- 39. ROAD RIGHT OF WAY. The area shown on a plat that is to be dedicated by fee title ownership to the public, Scott County, other municipality or legal entity for the purpose of providing public access for roadways, sidewalks, bike trails, public and private utilities and storm water drainage. Maintenance of roads within right of way is to be determined by the County Engineer and the Board of Supervisors.
- 40. STREET. See definition for ROAD.
- 41. SUBDIVIDER. Any person, firm, corporation, partnership, association, or trust, who shall lay out, or cause to be laid out, for the purpose of transfer of ownership or building development, any subdivision or part thereof, as herein defined.
- 42. SUBDIVISION. The repeated or simultaneous division of a lot, tract or parcel of land into three or more lots or tracts, for immediate or future sale, transfer or building development. The following shall also be considered subdivisions within the meaning of this ordinance: (1) divisions of property via probate procedures; and (2) divisions of property upon applications for court orders, including but not limited to judgments of foreclosure and equitable distributions of property pursuant to dissolution of marriage proceedings. The term includes re-subdivision and when appropriate to the context shall relate to the process of subdividing or the land subdivided.
- 43. SUDAS. Iowa Statewide Urban Design Manual and Specifications with General Supplemental Specifications, current edition at the time of submittal of the Preliminary Plat.
- 44. SURVEYOR. A registered land surveyor who engages in the practice of land surveying pursuant to Chapter 355, Code of Iowa.
- 45. TRACT. An aliquot part of a section, a lot within an official plat, or a government lot.

46. TRAFFIC SURFACE. The wearing or exposed surface of a roadway used by vehicular traffic. Traffic surface may include prepared shoulders, but the width is measured between the edge of the surfaced area intended for vehicular traffic.
47. TWENTY-EIGHT E AGREEMENT. An agreement between the County and one or more organizations or municipalities, pursuant to Chapter 28E, Code of lowa and which may stipulate the standards, procedures and jurisdictional area over which both the County and the incorporated municipality have a right of review of proposed subdivisions.

## SEC. 9-6. EXEMPTIONS

- A. The division of land for agricultural purposes into parcels of forty (40) acres or more not involving any new road, street, easement or other dedication, shall not be considered a subdivision as defined above and shall be exempt from the requirements of this Chapter.
- B. Boundary line adjustments to parcels will not be considered a subdivision if the access is not affected, the new lot created is permanently attached to the existing lot for development purposes, and no new residential building right is created.
- C. Auditor's Plat, as prescribed in Chapter 354, Code of Iowa is exempt from the subdivision review process but still must comply with the Plat of Survey approval process.

# SEC. 9-7. PLATS IN UNINCORPORATED AREAS WITHIN TWO MILES OF THE CORPORATE LIMITS OF CITIES

For subdivisions located in the unincorporated area of Scott County but within two miles of the City limits of a municipality which has established an area of subdivision review outside of its corporate limits, the following shall apply:

- A. When the subdivision regulations of the municipality are the same as those adopted by the County, then both the County Board of Supervisors and the respective municipality shall have jurisdiction and review over the proposed subdivision.

  B. When the proposed subdivision is located within two miles of the limits of a municipality, and that municipality has adopted different subdivision regulations than the County, the review of the subdivision shall be pursuant to the terms of an agreement made between the County and the municipality pursuant to Chapter 28E, Code of lowa. The agreements shall stipulate the standards and procedures to be used for the review of proposed subdivisions located in the area of overlapping jurisdictions between the County and the municipality. If no Chapter 28E agreement exists between the County and the municipality, the subdivision shall meet the most restrictive standards of both ordinances.
- C. Where the proposed subdivision is located in overlapping areas of review of two municipalities, the provisions of Chapter 354, Code of Iowa apply. The County shall also review the proposed subdivision to ensure compliance with this Chapter.
- D. The developer of such plat is encouraged to apply for concurrent review by the municipality and Scott County. The Board of Supervisors will review the plat only after the Final Plat has been reviewed and approved by the applicable municipality. After final approval by the Board, the subdivision plat shall be recorded in the Office of the Scott County Recorder.

## SEC. 9-8. SUBDIVISION CLASSIFICATION

Any proposed subdivision or re-subdivision shall be classified as a minor subdivision or a major subdivision before the review procedure begins.

A. Plat of Survey (a division of land, not part of a subdivision, into two parts or an Auditor's Plat) need only be reviewed by the person designated by the Planning and Development Department.

- B. A minor subdivision need only provide a sketch plan for Commission review prior to submitting a Final Plat in accordance with Sections 9-15 et seq.
- C. A major subdivision shall start with a sketch plan as described in Section 9-12, proceed with the full Preliminary Plat review, file a detailed engineering design construction plans and specifications, and finally submit the Final Plat for approval.

## SEC. 9-9. PLAT OF SURVEY SUBMITTAL

A. A land owner who splits off a lot, tract, or parcel of land from a lot of record or aliquot part for the first time shall prepare a plat of survey for the Director of Planning and Development. Information on the plat shall include everything required in Chapters 355 and 354, Code of lowa, including the following:

- (1) The name of the proprietor.
- (2) An accurate description of each parcel.
- (3) The total acreage of each parcel.
- (4) The total acreage of any portion lying within a public or private road right-of way or access easement.
- (5) The current zoning district classification.
- (6) The plat of survey shall be at a scale that is clearly stated and graphically illustrated.
- (7) A signed and dated statement of the surveyor, stating that the plat of survey complies with Chapter 355, Code of Iowa.
- (8) An approval block entitled: "MEETS SUBDIVISION AND ZONING ORDINANCE REQUIREMENTS, SCOTT COUNTY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT DIRECTOR (date)".

Filing fee based on the fee schedule approved by resolution of the Board of Supervisors.

B. The remaining portion of the lot of record shall not require a new survey, unless required by the Scott County Auditor. When the Director, or designee finds the Plat of Survey complies with subdivision and zoning ordinances, the Director shall sign the approval block and return to the surveyor who shall forward the plat to the Recorder's Office for recording. The Director's review shall be completed within three working days.

## SEC. 9-10. MINOR PLAT SUBMITTAL

A. The subdivider shall prepare a sketch plan and a location map to provide the Director and planning staff, applicable County departments, and the Commission with enough information to review and approve the minor plat. After the Commission has reviewed and established such conditions as deemed necessary to comply with the zoning and subdivision ordinances, the subdivider shall prepare a Final Plat as required in Sections 9-15 et seq. At the discretion of the Planning Director the sketch plan and Final Plat review may be combined into one step, provided all requirements of each procedure are met and all applicable filing fees are paid.

- B. Sketch Plan: Two (2) large format copies of the sketch plan, drawn to a scale, that is appropriate and graphically illustrated and one (1) copy of the plan reduced to fit an 11 x 17 inch page shall be filed with the Planning and Development Department. Additionally, the sketch plan in digital format, preferably as a PDF or other machine-readable format accessible by the County I.T. system, shall be submitted. The sketch plan shall include the following (if applicable):
- (1) A legal description and total acreage of the property being platted and acreage for each lot minus the public road right-of-way and acreage for that portion lying within the public or private road right-of-way.
- (2) Existing contour intervals of not more than five (5) feet with a minimum of two (2) contours per plat. If the site is level, this should be indicated on the sketch plan. Drainage arrows shall be drawn showing the direction of flow of surface water.
- (3) Location of existing property lines, surface features such as buildings, road, railroads, tree cover, existing easements, zoning and similar items on or adjacent to the development.
- (4) Locations of proposed property lines, easements, lot areas, and proposed contours, if the landscape will be changed.
- (5) Location of all adjoining subdivisions, streets, and surface features.
- (6) The title, in bold letters at the top right corner, under which the proposed subdivision will be recorded, with the name and address of the owner and subdivider; also north arrow, scale, and date.
- (7) A location map showing the relationship of proposed subdivision to the surrounding area encompassed by a two-mile radius.
- (8) Filing Fee based on the fee schedule approved by resolution of the Board of Supervisors.
- C. Review Procedure: After all materials, information and fees have been filed, the Planning and Development staff shall establish a review date with the Planning and Zoning Commission at least fifteen (15) days and not more than thirty (30) days from the date of filing. The Planning and Development staff shall notify by ordinary first class mail all property owners of record within five hundred (500) feet of the proposed subdivision. The Commission shall review the sketch plan and applicable materials along with technical comments from the general public, County Engineer, Health Officer, and the Planning and Development staff.
- D. Within thirty (30) days of Commission review, the Commission shall either approve or disapprove the sketch plan. If necessary for approval, the Commission may attach such conditions as are necessary to meet the guidelines of the Scott County Comprehensive Plan. If the Commission disapproves the sketch plan, a statement setting forth the reasons for disapproval shall be given to the subdivider. The subdivider may refile a sketch plan which meets Commission approval or may appeal the Commission's decision to the Board of Supervisors.
- E. Status of Commission's Decision: Upon approval of the t sketch plan, the subdivider may proceed with preparation of the Final Plat as required in Section 9-15 et seq. If the subdivider does not file a Final Plat and applicable materials within three (3) months of Commission approval, or authorized extension thereof, the sketch plan shall become null and void. After the expiration of the three (3) month time period or the extension,

the subdivider will be required to re-file the sketch plan pursuant to Sec. 9-10(A)-(B) for a new review by the Commission.

## SEC. 9-11. MAJOR PLAT SUBMITTAL

Any land to be subdivided or replatted in which five (5) or more lots will be created, or any size subdivision requiring a new internal road, extension of municipal facilities, or common facilities shall be considered a major plat and shall comply with the procedures of Section 9-12 et seq.

## SEC. 9-12. SKETCH PLAN DISCUSSION (MAJOR PLAT)

Prior to the filing of a Preliminary Plat of a Major Plat, the subdivider shall submit a sketch plan to the Planning and Development staff along with other pertinent material relating to the proposed subdivision in order for staff to review and provide comments on the proposed development. This may include information relative to the site and conditions of the site, existing community facilities and utilities on and adjacent to the site, number and size of lots proposed, etc. It is suggested that for the maximum benefit, the sketch plan material and review procedures should include at a minimum: A. Location Map: Location map should show relationship of the proposed subdivision to the streets and other community facilities serving it.

- B. Sketch Plan: The sketch plan should show in simple sketch form proposed layout of streets, lots, and other features in relation to existing conditions.
- C. The developer is encouraged to meet with appropriate County staff (and city staff if applicable) to review the various elements of the proposal. The Planning and Development Department will provide written comments to the developer within two (2) weeks of the meeting unless unusual complications arise. For major plats, there is no fee for staff review at the sketch plan stage.
- D. At the discretion of the Planning Director or the request of the applicant such sketch plan may be submitted for the review of the Planning and Zoning Commission following the procedures in Section 9-10.(B-E) which does include payment of the required sketch plan fee.

## SEC. 9-13. PRELIMINARY PLAT SUBMITTAL

Following sketch plan review of a Major Plat, the subdivider may prepare a Preliminary Plat and shall file the plat and other required material with the Director in an application for Preliminary Plat approval. The application for Preliminary Plat approval shall include the following:

A. Plat: Two (2) large format copies of a plat, drawn to a scale by a surveyor that is appropriate and graphically illustrated, and one (1) copy of the plat reduced to fit an 11 x 17 inch page. Additionally, the Preliminary Plat in digital format, preferably as a PDF or other machine-readable format accessible by the County I.T. system shall be submitted. The plat shall include the following information:

- (1) The complete legal description of the property to be platted including descriptive boundaries of the subdivision and total acreage of the subdivision.
- (2) Existing contour intervals of not more than five (5) feet, provided, however, that a minimum of two (2) contours shall be shown on any plat. Contour intervals of less than five (5) feet may be required at the Planning and Development staff's discretion.

- (3) The location of property lines, easements, and all such surface features as buildings, railroads, utilities, water courses, major tree cover, and similar items on or adjacent to the development. Also, the location and size of such sub-surface features as the nearest storm and sanitary sewers, water mains, culverts, gas mains, above and below ground electric transmission lines or cables, cable TV lines and drain tiles.
- (4) A vicinity map at a scale of not more than one thousand (1000) feet to the inch shall be shown on or accompany the proposed plat. This map shall show how streets and roads in the proposed subdivision will connect with existing and proposed streets and roads in neighboring subdivisions or undeveloped property to produce the most advantageous development of the entire area; the expected ultimate development of all contiguous property under the control of the subdivider; and the location of any nearby parks, schools, or other public facilities that might be affected by the proposed subdivision.
- (5) All existing adjacent subdivisions, streets and individual tracts and parcels together with the names of record owners of land immediately adjoining the proposed subdivision and between it and the nearest existing streets or roads.
- (6) The title in bold type at the top right corner, under which the proposed subdivision is to be recorded, with the name and address of the owner and subdivider; also north arrow, scale, date, name and address of surveyor.
- (7) Sites for schools, parks or playgrounds proposed by the subdivider for public or private use.
- (8) The zoning districts for the subdivision and the adjacent properties.
- (9) The location, width and dimensions of all streets and grounds proposed to be dedicated for public use.
- (10) The location and width of proposed utility easements.
- (11) The manner of providing water supply and sewage treatment facilities.
- (12) Filing fee based on the fee schedule approved by resolution of the Board of Supervisors.

## SEC. 9-14. PRELIMINARY PLAT REVIEW AND APPROVAL (MAJOR PLAT)

A. Distribution: Immediately upon the filing of copies of the Preliminary Plat materials and filing fee, one (1) copy of the plat shall be retained by the Director for the Planning and Zoning Commission file, one (1) copy shall be used for review by the Director, seven (7) copies shall be reserved for the Planning and Zoning Commission members, and one (1) reduced copy shall be sent to each of the following County officials or departments for their review: County Engineer, Assessor, Auditor and Board of Health. B. Review by County Officials: Within fifteen (15) days of receipt of the materials from the Director, the several County officials or departments shall complete their reviews of the Preliminary Plat materials and shall submit their written comments to the Director. The Director in turn, shall send his and their technical review and comments to the subdivider and to the Planning and Zoning Commission for its consideration at its next meeting.

C. Public Hearing: Upon receipt of the preliminary plat, the Director shall initiate the steps necessary to hold a public hearing before the Commission. Notice shall be given by publication in a newspaper in general circulation in the County and by written notification to all property owners of record within five hundred (500) feet of the subject

property. The Planning and Zoning Commission shall hold the public hearing before recommending to the Board of Supervisors. At the discretion of the Commission, a public hearing may be required for the review of the Final Plat.

- D. Recommendation by Planning and Zoning Commission: The Planning and Zoning Commission shall review the Preliminary Plat and applicable materials and the technical review comments at its next meeting. Within forty-five (45) days after date of receipt the Planning and Zoning Commission shall recommend to the Board of Supervisors that the Preliminary Plat be approved, approved with conditions, or disapproved. The subdivider may agree to an extension of the time by the Planning and Zoning Commission for a period not to exceed sixty (60) days. If the Planning and Zoning Commission recommends disapproval, a statement setting forth reasons for disapproval shall be submitted to the Board of Supervisors and to the subdivider.
- E. Approval or Rejection by Board of Supervisors: The Board of Supervisors shall approve or disapprove the Preliminary Plat at a regular meeting within thirty (30) days after receipt of a recommendation from the Planning and Zoning Commission. If the Board of Supervisors does not act within thirty (30) days, the Preliminary Plat shall be deemed to be disapproved.
- F. Duration of Approval: Approval of the Preliminary Plat shall be effective for twelve (12) months: except, however, the Board of Supervisors, upon written request of the subdivider and advice of the Director, may grant an extension of time. If the Final Plat, which may be just a part of the Preliminary Plat, is not filed with the Director within twelve (12) months, or authorized extension thereof, all previous approvals of the Preliminary Plat shall become null and void.
- G. Status of Approval: Upon approval of the Preliminary Plat by the Board of Supervisors, the subdivider may proceed with the preparation of the Final Plat and detailed construction drawings and specifications for the improvements required under this Chapter, and may install these improvements when approved by the Director and County Engineer.

The approval of the Preliminary Plat by the Board of Supervisors is not revocable if the Final Plat conforms in every respect with the Preliminary Plat as approved by the Board of Supervisors. The Final Plat may be disapproved by the Board of Supervisors if it contains changes from the Preliminary Plat not agreed upon during the Preliminary Plat review stage.

## SEC. 9-15. FINAL PLAT SUBMITTAL (MINOR AND MAJOR PLATS)

Following approval of the sketch plan of a Minor Plat or the Preliminary Plat of a Major Plat, the subdivider may prepare a Final Plat and other material required to file for final approval. The Final Plat shall comply with the specific requirements of Chapter 354, Code of Iowa. The application for final approval shall include the following:

- A. Plat: Two (2) large format copies of the plat, made from an accurate survey by a surveyor drawn to a scale that is appropriate and graphically illustrated, and one (1) copy of the plat reduced to fit an 11 x 17 inch page. Additionally, the Final Plat in digital format, preferably as a PDF or other machine-readable format accessible by the County I.T. system, shall be submitted. The plat shall include the following information:
- (1) The boundaries of the property, the lines of all proposed streets with their width, and any other areas intended to be dedicated to public use. The boundaries shall be

accurately tied to the nearest US Public Land Survey System land corner and also to the GPS Control Monuments that are part of Scott County's network of GPS survey control.

- (2) The lines of adjoining roads and streets with their width and names.
- (3) All lot lines, lot and block numbers and building setback lines from road right of way and/or road easement in accordance with the Zoning Ordinance, with figures showing their dimensions.
- (4) All dimensions, both linear and angular, necessary for locating boundaries of the subdivided area, or of the lots, streets, easements, and building line setbacks, and any other similar public or private uses. The linear dimensions shall be expressed in feet and decimals of a foot.
- (5) Radii, arc and chords, points of tangency, central angles for all curvilinear streets, and radii for rounded corners.
- (6) Title, in bold print at top right of plat, and complete legal description of property subdivided, showing its location and extent, points of compass, date, scale of plat, and certification and name of surveyor who prepared and is responsible for monumentation.
- (7) The accurate outline of all property which is offered for dedication for public and/or private use with the purpose indicated thereon, and of all property that may be reserved by deed covenant for the common use of the subdivision property owners and/or owners association.
- (8) Signed statements of all affected utilities officials agreeing to the utility easements.
- (9) Signed statement of surveyor that the plat complies with Chapter 355, Code of Iowa. B. Additional Materials for Major Plat submittals: Two (2) copies of the following material shall also be submitted prior to or in conjunction with the Final Plat:
- (1) Detailed Engineering Design-Construction Plans and Specifications in accordance with SUDAS current adopted edition Plan and profiles of all streets. Profiles shall show proposed location, size and grade of all utilities including conduits, sewers, pipelines, etc., to be placed underground in the road right-of way. Profiles of east and west streets shall be drawn so that the west end of the profile shall be at the left side of the drawing and profiles of north and south streets shall be drawn so that the south end of the profile shall be at the left end of the drawing. For details see SUDAS current adopted edition. All engineering design documents shall be prepared by or under the direct personal supervision of a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the State of lowa.
- (2) Erosion and Sediment Plan: Two (2) copies of the plan for reducing erosion and controlling sediment on the subdivision site during and after construction, prepared in accordance with this Chapter and the standards and specifications of the lowa Department of Natural Resources. The erosion and sediment control plan shall include as a minimum the following information for the entire tract of land, whether or not the tract will be developed in stages:
- a. Such soils information and interpretations pertaining to the site as may be available from the Soil Conservation District;
- b. Plans and specifications of soil erosion and sedimentation control measures to be applied to the site in accordance with the official standards and specifications of the lowa Department of Natural Resources;

- c. A timing schedule indicating the anticipated starting and completion dates of the development sequence and the time of exposure of each area prior to the completion of effective erosion and sediment control measures; and
- d. A Copy of the Iowa Department of Natural Resources NPDES General Permit #2 which includes a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan.
- (3) Percolation Test: All proposed lots may have an acceptable percolation test or a design prepared by a registered professional engineer for an innovative or alternate sewage treatment and disposal system as reviewed and approved by the Scott County Health Department.
- (4) Performance Bond and Approved Cost Estimate: Two (2) copies of a detailed cost estimate for installing all new improvements prepared by the subdivider's engineer for the purpose of determining an amount of the performance bond. (If applicable).
- (5) Filing fee based on the fee schedule approved by resolution of the Board of Supervisors.

## SEC. 9-16. FINAL PLAT REVIEW AND APPROVAL

- A. Distribution: Immediately upon filing of the required copies of the Final Plat and additional materials, one (1) copy of the plat shall be retained by the Director for the Planning and Zoning Commission file, one (1) copy shall be used for review by the Director, and one (1) copy shall be provided to each Planning and Zoning Commission member. Reduced copies of the plat along with necessary materials shall be sent to the County Engineer, Assessor, Auditor and Board of Health for review and comments. B. Review by County Officials: Within ten (10) working days of receipt of materials from the Director, the several County officials or departments shall complete their reviews of the plat materials and shall submit their written comments to the Director.
- C. Public Hearing: Before recommending approval of a Final Plat, the Planning and Zoning Commission may at its discretion hold a public hearing which would have been a condition of Preliminary Plat approval. Notice of which shall be given by publication in a newspaper in general circulation in the county and by written notification to all property owners within five hundred (500) feet of the subject property.
- D. Recommendation by Planning and Zoning Commission: The Planning and Zoning Commission shall review the Final Plat and application materials and the technical review comments, including information on the status of implementation of the erosion and sediment control plan, at its next meeting and within thirty (30) days shall recommend to the Board of Supervisors that the Final Plat be approved or disapproved. If the Planning and Zoning Commission recommends disapproval, a statement setting forth reasons for disapproval shall be submitted to the Board of Supervisors and to the subdivider.
- E. Approval or Rejection by Board of Supervisors: The Board of Supervisors will receive the Final Plat materials and all attachments required by Chapter 354, Code of Iowa, and within sixty (60) days review the Commission's recommendation. The Board shall act to either approve or disapprove the Final Plat within thirty (30) days after receipt of the plat from the Director, except, however, the Board of Supervisors, upon written request of the subdivider and advice of the Director, may grant an extension of time to act on the Commission's recommendation on the Final Plat.

- F. Final Plat Attachments: As required by Chapter 354.11, Code of Iowa, the following signed documents shall be submitted to the Planning and Development Department within sixty (60) days of the Planning and Zoning Commission recommendation, prior to the review by the Board of Supervisors:
- (1) Proprietors' statement of consent and dedication of land for public use.
- (2) Mortgage holders' or lien holders' statement of consent or substitute affidavit and bond, if applicable.
- (3) Attorney's opinion letter.
- (4) Certificate of County Treasurer.
- (5) Surveyor's Certificate.
- (6) Restrictive or Protective Covenants/Homeowners Association documents, if applicable.
- (7) Performance bond, if applicable.
- G. Status of Approval: Approval by the Board of Supervisors authorizes the filing of the Final Plat with the County Auditor and Recorder, in accordance with the provisions of existing statutes and following procedures as required by the Auditor and Recorder, and acknowledges the acceptance of the layout and design of all roads, streets, alleys, easements, parks or other areas reserved for or dedicated to the public along with the required surety bonds or checks guaranteeing that the improvements required herein shall be installed. Acceptance of the dedication of roads and streets to the public shall not require nor imply acceptance of such roads and streets onto the Scott County Secondary Road System for maintenance.
- H. Duration of Approval: Approval of the Final Plat may become null and void if the plat is not recorded within sixty (60) days of Board of Supervisors approval. After said period of sixty (60) days, the Director shall place on the agenda of the Commission the Final Plat to consider whether it should be nullified or granted an extension. The subdivider shall be notified of the hearing and provided time to explain why the Final Plat was not recorded within sixty (60) days. After a hearing, the Commission shall recommend to the Board of Supervisors to either nullify or extend the recording time for the Final Plat. The Board shall review the recommendation and act to either nullify or grant an extension.
- I. Appeal of disapproval: If the plat is disapproved or approved subject to condition(s) by the Board of Supervisors, the applicant has the right to appeal, subject to the provisions of 354, Code of Iowa, to the District Court within twenty (20) days after the date of the denial of the application or the date of the receipt by the applicant of the requirements for approval of the subdivision.

## SEC 9-17 STANDARDS FOR DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT

No Minor, Preliminary or Final Plat shall be approved by either the Planning and Zoning Commission or the Board of Supervisors unless it conforms to the Scott County Comprehensive Plan, the Land Use Policies, and the Scott County Zoning Ordinance. Such minor, preliminary and final plats shall also conform to the following applicable minimum standards and requirements:

A. Large Lot Subdivision: Whenever the area is divided into lots of such size that there are indications that the lot will eventually be re-subdivided into small building lots, consideration shall be given to the street and lot arrangement of the original subdivision

so that additional minor streets can be opened which will permit a logical arrangement of small lots.

B. Relation to Adjoining Street System: The arrangement of streets in new subdivisions shall make provision for the continuation of the principal existing streets in adjoining subdivisions, or for a proper intersection with said streets in the new subdivision shall connect therewith, or their proper projection where adjoining property is not subdivided insofar as they may be necessary for public requirements. The width of such streets in new subdivisions shall not be less than the minimum street widths established herein. The street arrangement shall also be such as to cause no hardship to owners of adjoining property when they plat their own land and seek to provide for convenient access to it.

The platting of half streets shall not be permitted.

- C. Street: (See SUDAS for design specifications).
- (1) All improvements including but not limited to roadway, stormwater, sanitary sewers, water mains, utilities, sidewalks, traffic control, erosion and sediment control shall be designed in accordance with the SUDAS Design Manual and Specifications. Roadway design elements shall meet or exceed the criteria established in the "Preferred" table listed in SUDAS. For designs where this is not practical, values between the "Preferred" and "Acceptable" tables may be utilized, with approval of the County Engineer.
- (2) Right-of-way and road easement widths

The following minimum widths of right-of-way or easement shall be required:

- a. Local residential streets:
- i. Curb and gutter fifty (50) feet
- ii. Open ditch fifty (50) feet with fifteen (15) foot utility and drainage easements adjacent to both sides of the road easement
- b. Arterial and Collector Streets:
- i. The subdivider's engineer shall submit the proposed roadway cross-section to the County Engineer for review. The County Engineer will determine the necessary right-of-way width required to properly maintain all roadway elements.
- c. Shared driveways serving four (4) lots or less:
- i. Open ditch forty (40) feet with a ten (10) foot utility and drainage easement adjacent to one side of the road easement.
- (3) Road and Roadway Drainage:
- a. Grades shall be thoroughly compacted before placing any base or surface materials. The County Engineer may require compaction with moisture and density control. The developer shall be responsible for providing process control sampling, testing, and inspection. All testing documents shall be submitted to the County Engineer for review and approval prior to placing any base or surface material.
- b. All street construction shall be centered on the right-of-way.
- c. If the outlet for surface drainage is outside the boundaries of a subdivision, the developer shall also provide drainage easements and/or flowage agreements from the abutting property owners to said approved outlet.
- d. Driveways in open ditch sections shall be constructed in accordance with SUDAS design and specifications for curb and gutter sections and shall have a minimum width at the right-of-way line of ten (10) feet. Drive culverts shall be of the size required (minimum 15" diameter) and a minimum length of twenty-four (24) feet. Driveway fore

slope shall be a minimum of 10:1 for driveways without a drainage structure and 6:1 where there is a drainage structure.

- e. Streets which are not projected to exceed four (4) lots shall be constructed with a minimum six (6) inch rock base and two (2) inch asphalt surface. In certain cases (favorable soils) the County Engineer may allow an eight (8) inch rock base with a seal coat surface. Subgrade preparation shall be required in accordance with SUDAS. The County Engineer may require compaction with moisture and density control. The developer shall be responsible for providing process control sampling, testing, and inspection. All testing documents shall be submitted to the County Engineer for review and approval prior to placing any base or surface material.
- f. Sanitary sewers and water mains shall be placed on opposite sides of the pavement near the right-of-way line or as approved by the County Engineer. Before placement of the pavement, house connections for the sanitary sewer and water mains shall be extended a minimum of 10 feet beyond the right-of-way line onto private property. g. All roads and streets to have traffic control signs and street name signs in accordance with the MUTCD.
- h. All street crossings by utility service lines shall be placed prior to construction of the road on street base and surface courses and, if possible, prior to grading the sub-base. All utility appurtenances such as transformers, pedestals and cabinets shall be placed outside the road right-of-way. Utility poles, if permitted, shall be located at or outside the right-of-way and shall have the required lines clearances.
- i. All dead-end streets shall terminate in a circular cul-de-sac, designed in accordance with SUDAS, with a one hundred (100) foot diameter right-of-way. If a street is to be extended at a later date a temporary easement and a temporary turn-around will be required. In some cases an alternate type of turn-around may be used if approved by the County Engineer.
- j. All entrances onto County roads will require a County permit from the County Engineer's office (both street and driveway approaches).
- (4) Subdivisions with only one access shall not contain over thirty (30) residential lots unless streets within such subdivision are extended to the boundary of adjoining undeveloped property to allow for future connection and additional access; in which case such subdivision shall not contain more than fifty (50) residential lots until such time as a second access is provided. Cul-de-sacs or dead end streets designed to be permanently closed shall not be more than thirteen hundred twenty feet (1,320') in length, when measured from centerline of the nearest intersecting street (other than the intersection of another cul-de-sac) and the center radius of cul-de-sac turn around that is most distant from the subdivision entrance
- (5) It shall be the responsibility of the Board of Supervisors upon recommendation of the Planning and Zoning Commission to assign street names to new roads in Scott County as follows:
- a. The developer may propose street names or numbers to the Commission. The official street designation shall comply with the standards of Section 8-4 County Code. The final plat shall show the assigned street name or number prior to recording. The residence or business address will not be assigned until a building permit is issued. b. All new subdivisions shall be required to comply with the Rural Address System as adopted in Chapter 8 of the County Code.

- c. Subdivision property owners on private roads and streets are responsible for the purchase, installation, and maintenance of road identification markers at private subdivision road intersections within their subdivision. The specifications for the markers shall be in accordance with the lowa MUTCD as specified in Section 8-2(6) and Section 8-7 of the County Code. Only those names/numbers assigned in the Property Numbering Map(s) are allowed on private roadway intersections. Any other roadway designations are in violation of this Chapter and must be removed within a reasonable time period.
- (6) Streets and roadways will be built to design standards and specifications established by the current edition of SUDAS. As of the adoption date of this ordinance, all new subdivision roads, with the exception of new subdivisions in the Community Area Development of Park View, shall be privately maintained roads and suitable provisions for maintenance and upkeep of such private roads shall be provided through homeowners association, deed covenants, or through other legal mechanisms as approved by the Board of Supervisors.
- (7) Proper access shall be given to all lots from a dedicated or recorded right of way or road or access easement. The Policy and Regulations for Entrances to Primary Roads of the Iowa Department of Transportation are herewith adopted by reference and made a part of this Chapter, and violation of the aforesaid Policy and Regulations is a violation of this Chapter and subject to the penalties contained herein with the same force and effect as if said Policy and Regulations were contained herein. Said Policy and Regulations are on file in the Office of the County Engineer.
- (8) Access from lots to county and state roads shall be made via subdivision roads whenever possible.
- (9) The subdivider's engineer shall certify that the sight distance at all proposed intersections, both internally and at the county road intersection, meet the current adopted edition of SUDAS design manual and specifications.
- D. Utility Easements: Easements of not less than ten (10) feet in width shall be provided on all property lines or right-of-way lines, where necessary for poles, wires, conduits, storm and sanitary sewer pipe, gas water, telephone, cable TV or other utilities.

  E. Lots: (1) The lot arrangement and design shall be such that all lots will provide
- E. Lots: (1) The lot arrangement and design shall be such that all lots will provide satisfactory and desirable building sites properly related to topography and the character of adjacent development.
- (2) All side lot lines shall be substantially at right angles or radial to street center lines unless the Planning and Zoning Commission shall agree that a variation to this requirement will provide for better street and lot arrangement. Double frontage lots shall be avoided except where essential to provide separation of residential development from major traffic arteries or to overcome specific disadvantages of topography.
- (2) The minimum dimensions for lots shall be in accordance with the bulk regulations of the Zoning Ordinance for the district within which the subdivision is located; provided, however that the depth of a lot shall not exceed three (3) times the width, unless it is a flag lot.
- (4) Flag lots are permitted if the stem is at least twenty (20) feet wide from the street to the buildable portion of the lot. The stem must be located where it is reasonable to construct a private drive from the street to the principal building. The buildable portion must meet the minimum area requirements for that particular zoning district.

- (5) Corner lots shall be of such width as to permit the maintenance of all yard requirements as required by the Zoning Ordinance.
- (6) All lots at street intersections shall have a radius of not less than twenty-five (25) feet at the street corner. A greater radius shall be required for intersections involving one or more major streets. A cut-off or chord may be substituted for the circular arc.
- F. Front Building Lines: Front Building lines shall be shown on all lots intended for residential, commercial or industrial use. Such building lines shall not be less than the minimum yard requirements of the Zoning Ordinance for the district within which the property is located. Corner and double frontage lots shall show a front building line parallel to all street right of way or road easement lines.
- G. Sanitary Sewers: Subdivisions containing less than thirty (30) lots may install septic systems or other approved on-site treatment systems using County Health Department standards. Subdivisions containing thirty (30) or more lots when median lot size is less than one (1) acre shall provide for common sanitary sewage treatment using the administrative rules of the lowa Department of Natural Resources. Subdivisions containing more than thirty (30) lots when 90% or more of the lots are greater than 1 acre in size may install septic systems in lieu of the common treatment using County Health Department standards. Lots where septic systems are proposed shall provide adequate space for two (2) septic fields, the second field to act as a backup when the first field fails.
- H. Stormwater Management: The developer shall design stormwater management facilities in accordance with SUDAS. Stormwater management infrastructure shall be designed to manage the quantity and quality of stormwater runoff generated within and exiting the development site. The developer shall utilize best management practices that promote on-site storage and infiltration to limit the amount of impervious areas and discharge from the development site.

All lots and internal streets shall be adequately drained. Stormwater runoff shall be controlled through enclosed storm sewers or overland drainage. Detention facilities sufficient to capture the runoff of a 24-hour, one hundred (100) year storm calculated at a rate that would be generated from post-development impervious area shall be placed in the subdivision. The release rate of stormwater out of the detention facility shall be restricted so as not to exceed the volume produced by a five (5) year storm when measured at the pre-developed flow rates. The velocity of the water leaving the subdivision shall be reduced so as not to cause erosion.

Drainage easements or common outlots may be required, but the land shall remain privately owned. Drainage easements along common lot lines twenty (20) feet wide, generally ten feet on either side of the common lot line shall be shown on the plat. Areas of natural drainage of ten (10) square miles or more may require fifty (50) feet or more of width for drainage easements.

Suitable provisions for maintenance and upkeep of common stormwater facilities shall be provided through homeowners association, deed covenants, or through other similar provisions as approved by the Board of Supervisors. A drainage easement is required where stormwater from a subdivision crosses an adjacent property to reach a natural stream or public drainage facility.

Enclosed storm sewers require County Engineer approval before construction of the subdivision begins. Submittal of the stormwater facility design and approval by the

County Engineer does not constitute a formal review of all design calculations or relieve the design engineer from their obligation to meet the above listed requirements. The County Engineer's approval is solely to acknowledge that a design plan was submitted by a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the State of lowa and all required documents have been submitted.

- I. Water: Subdivisions containing fifteen (15) or more lots that are located within ½ mile of a public water utility shall extend water service from such utility when determined to be feasible. Subdivisions containing five (5) or more lots shall provide for a common water supply using the administrative rules of the lowa Department of Natural Resources. Subdivisions containing fewer than five (5) lots may have private wells which meet the County Health Department standards. Once the development is complete, the restrictive covenants will provide for the common water system to be turned over to a homeowners' association or quasi-public organization. The association or organization would own, operate, and maintain the common water system.
- J. Protection of Natural Vegetation Cover: Whenever a wooded site is to be developed no more than fifteen percent (15%) of the naturally occurring canopy-tree cover shall be removed due to surface earth grading, roadway construction, building site clearance, or any other construction activity associated with subdivision site improvement. Whenever removal of more than fifteen percent (15%) of the naturally occurring vegetation cover is deemed necessary and unavoidable a mitigation replanting measure shall be implemented. Such mitigation shall require re-establishment of one (1) native tree of a similar specie to those removed for every three trees of three (3) inch caliper or greater removed or fatally damaged.

Environmentally sensitive and primitive areas should be avoided to the greatest extent possible. Such areas include slopes in excess of 25%, native forest growth, native prairie grass, and wetlands. If development is proposed for such an area, the subdivider shall present a protection plan to the Planning and Zoning Commission.

- K. Open Space Requirements: In all residential subdivisions of fifteen (15) lots or more there shall be a minimum area of ten thousand (10,000) square feet plus an additional two thousand (2,000) square feet for each lot over fifteen (15), dedicated or reserved as usable, common open space land. The land need not be contiguous, but no parcel dedicated or reserved for common open space shall be less than ten thousand (10,000) square feet in size. Common open space land shall be clearly designated on the subdivision plan as to character of use and development, be intended for the private use of the residents of the subdivision, and shall not include:
- i. Areas reserved for the exclusive use or benefit of an individual tenant or owner;
- ii. Dedicated streets, common wells, sewer treatment facilities, open drainage ditches, drainage storage areas, other public rights-of-way, and other areas deemed unsuitable open space;
- iii. Vehicular drives, parking, loading, and storage areas.
- (1) Suitable provisions for maintenance and upkeep of open space shall be provided through homeowners association, deed covenants, or through other similar provisions as approved by the Board of Supervisors.
- (2) Large lot subdivisions, provided that at least ninety percent (90%) of all lots have lot areas of  $1\frac{1}{2}$  acres or more shall be exempted from the open space requirements of this provision provided that adequate deed restrictions shall limit subsequent lot re-

subdivisions. Exemptions may be provided if close to an existing public park or for personal hardships.

- (3) Additional guidelines for determining open space:
- (a) May include environmentally sensitive land such as stream beds, marshes, and steep slopes; however, a minimum of fifty percent (50%) of the land must be level ground that is contiguous and suitable for active recreation;
- (b) The length is not more than five (5) times the width;
- (c) Be easily accessible to all property owners within the subdivision;
- (d) May include land in a high power transmission line easement, but only a maximum of twenty percent (20%) of the open space requirement.
- (4) Bikeways may be included in the designated open space, but follow these construction standards:
- (a) Right-of-way at least twelve (12) feet wide; and,
- (b) A paved surface at least eight (8) feet wide, three (3) inches thick, on a well-drained subsoil base. As an incentive, the lands designated for a bikeway shall count double towards fulfilling the minimum open space requirement, provided that at least ten thousand (10,000) square feet of other open space has been set aside for active and passive use. The bikeway need not comply with the guidelines of Section 9-17 (O) (3). L. Perimeter Fences: Any subdivision boundary adjoining an existing agricultural land use will be fenced with a lawful or a tight fence, as determined by the Board of Supervisors, to prevent livestock and horses from entering the other property. Where no fence exists or where an existing is in need of repair, the cost will be assigned to the developer. Future repair and maintenance will be done by the agricultural land owner with the cost prorated according to length of fence between the homeowners association and the agricultural land owner.
- M. Protecting Integrity of Drainage Tile: The subdivider shall design and construct the subdivision to protect the integrity of existing draining tile. If an operating drainage tile is not discovered until construction has begun, work shall stop until a new layout for the drainage tile has been engineered which is acceptable to the affected agricultural land owner. Differences between the developer and agricultural land owner will be decided by the Board of Supervisors.
- N. Ag Nuisance Waiver. The Commission may recommend to the Board of Supervisors that an agricultural nuisance waiver be included within the restrictive covenants if determined to be applicable. Such waiver would restrict property owners within such subdivision from filing lawsuits for private nuisance against legitimate agricultural operations in the vicinity of the subdivision.

## SEC. 9-18. IMPROVEMENTS OR BOND REQUIRED

Before the Final Plat of any area shall be approved by the Board of Supervisors and recorded, the subdivider shall make and install the improvements described in this section. In lieu of final completion of the minimum improvements required before the plat is finally approved, the subdivider shall post a completion obligation bond, a set-aside letter from the bank, or comparable financial commitment, approved by the County Attorney and County Treasurer, with the Board of Supervisors, which will ensure to the County that the improvements will be completed by the subdivider. A detailed engineering estimate of cost for all improvements shall be prepared by the subdivider's

engineer and shall bear the seal of a registered professional engineer. This will be used by the County Engineer for review and determination of the bond amount. The amount of the bond shall not be less than the estimated cost of the improvements and the amount of the estimate must be approved by the County Engineer. If the improvements are not completed the County may use the bond or any portion thereof to complete same. For plats located in unincorporated areas within two (2) miles of the corporate limits of a municipality, the Planning and Zoning Commission and Board of Supervisors may waive the requirements of this section provided they are satisfied that the subdivision regulations of the municipality governing the area within which the subdivision is located or the terms of a Chapter 28E agreement, if applicable, are sufficient to ensure adequate conformance with these regulations.

## SEC. 9-19. REQUIRED IMPROVEMENTS

The minimum improvements installed or for which bond is posted in any subdivision, before a final plat is approved shall be based on the total number of lots in the proposed subdivision plus any additional lots anticipated for any of the remaining adjacent unplatted land. The following subsections shall apply:

A. All new subdivision streets which will eventually serve five (5) or more lots will be constructed according to the standards and procedures as established by the Board of Supervisors. The roads will be constructed with an adequately compacted sub-soil base and proper drainage. The County Engineer will inspect and approve the sub-soil base and drainage before the base course is laid. The traffic surface will be built to the standards in SUDAS and based on projected traffic counts for the subdivision as eventually completed. The paved portion shall meet standards equal to or greater than current SUDAS standards.

B. All new subdivision streets which are not projected to serve more than four (4) lots shall be designed and constructed to provide year round access for motorized vehicles. The County Engineer must approve the plans for the road, cross section, shoulders and ditches before road construction begins. The traffic surface shall be a minimum of eighteen (18) feet in width and consist of no less than six (6) inch coarse aggregate base with a two (2) inch fine aggregate surface with a dust retardant surface. The County Engineer may require a soil test of the sub-soil along the planned road bed. The right-of-way or access easement width will be forty (40) feet minimum with a ten (10) foot utility and drainage easement adjacent to one side of the road easement. Two (2) foot shoulders will be constructed on either side of the traffic surface. Suitable turnaround area for emergency vehicles shall be provided as determined by the County Engineer.

C. The subdivider shall construct sanitary and stormwater sewers according to the standards and specifications of Sections 9-17 (H), 9-17 (I), and the lowa Department of Natural Resources regulations and provide a sanitary sewer connection to each lot. Health Department regulations do not permit installation of septic tanks on lots less than fifteen thousand (15,000) square feet in area. Where permitted, the subdivider shall furnish reports from the County Health Department and the engineer testing the lots, stating that the proposed lots have been tested and found suitable for primary sewage treatment. Approval from the lowa Department of Natural Resources is required for a common water supply or sewage treatment system serving fifteen (15) or more dwelling

units or twenty-five (25) or more persons. The County Health Department must approve a water supply or sewage treatment system serving fewer units or people.

- D. Permanent monuments shall be set in each corner of the perimeter of the subdivision and at the corner of each block within the subdivision and at the corner of each lot, in accordance with Chapter 354, Code of Iowa. All monuments shall be made of permanent material, sensitive to a dip needle and at least thirty (30) inches long, and shall conform to standard specifications of the County Engineer.
- E. The subdivider will provide the water mains and lines in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter and other State and County regulations.
- F. All internal traffic control signs shall be placed by the developer in accordance with the lowa MUTCD as part of the road and street construction; i.e., regulatory, warning, etc.
- G. The Board of Supervisors and Planning and Zoning Commission may require that all utility lines except electric lines of nominal voltage in excess of 15,000 volts, be installed underground. The subdivider shall be responsible for making the necessary arrangements with the utility companies for installation of such facilities. Said facility lines shall be installed in such a manner so as not to interfere with other underground utilities. The location of all utilities within the road and street R.O.W. shall be approved by the County Engineer and shown on the engineering plans. Underground utility lines which cross underneath the right-of-way of any street, or way shall be installed prior to the improvements of any such street, or way in the subdivision. Incidental appurtenances, such as transformers and their enclosures, pedestal mounted terminal boxes, meters and meter cabinets may be placed above ground but shall be located so as not to be unsightly or hazardous to the public. If overhead utility lines or wires are permitted, the electrical utility shall have the right to determine overhead line routing. In their determination on whether or not to require underground utilities, the Board of Supervisors and Planning and Zoning Commission may consider the recommendations of the utility company on such matters as soil, topography, or other conditions which make most installations within the subdivision unreasonable or impractical.
- H. The subdivider shall provide an acceptable trust agreement or covenant within the deed restriction for adequate continuous maintenance of the subdivision roads, street signs, entry structures (if applicable), parks, sanitary and storm sewers, water supply system, and common facilities by the lot owners of the subdivision.
- I. All plans, specifications, installation and construction required by this Chapter shall be subject to review, approval and by the County Engineer or an authorized representative in accordance with the current adopted edition of SUDAS.
- (1) The County may require contracts for all public improvements to be executed on forms furnished and approved by the County Attorney and the Board of Supervisors.
- (2) The subdivider shall furnish the County Engineer with a construction schedule prior to commencement of any and/or all construction, and shall notify the County Engineer, not less than forty-eight (48) hours in advance of readiness for required inspection. The subdivider shall reimburse the County for the costs expended for all inspection services and tests furnished and conducted by or on behalf of the County.
- (3) The subdivider shall pay the County Engineer's office the standard rate for reviewing plans and specifications, inspecting and testing new roads and storm sewer systems,

and any additional costs directly associated with installing the subdivision improvements.

J. The subdivider shall be responsible for the installation and/or construction of all improvements required by this Chapter, and shall warrant the design, materials and workmanship of such improvements' installation and construction for a period of two (2) years from and after completion to the legal entity responsible for road maintenance within such subdivision. Such warranty shall be by bond or other acceptable collateral; and shall be subject to review by the County Attorney; shall assure the expedient repair or replacement of defective improvements under warranty; and shall indemnify the County and the legal entity responsible for road maintenance within such subdivision from all costs or losses resulting from or contributed to such defective improvements.

## SEC. 9-20. VARIATIONS AND EXCEPTIONS PERMITTED

Whenever the tract proposed to be subdivided is of such unusual size or shape or is surrounded by such development or unusual conditions that the strict application of the requirements contained in this Chapter would result in substantial hardships or injustices, the Board of Supervisors upon recommendation of the Planning and Zoning Commission may modify or vary such requirements to the end that the subdivider is allowed to develop the property in a reasonable manner; provided, however, that all such variations and exceptions granted hereunder shall be in harmony with the intended spirit of this Chapter and granted with the view toward protecting the public interest and welfare. Any variance recommended by the Planning and Zoning Commission is required to be entered in writing in the minutes of the Planning and Zoning Commission and the reasoning on which the departure was justified shall be set forth and forwarded to the Board of Supervisors with the Commission's recommendation on the Preliminary Plat. Notice of the Public Hearing before the Commission for such variations and exceptions shall be included with the notice for the Public Hearing of the Preliminary Plat.

## SEC. 9-21. LIMITATIONS

In no case shall any street standard variation or modification be more than a minimum easing of the requirements. In no case shall it have the effect of reducing the traffic capacity of any street or be in conflict with the Zoning Ordinance and Map.

## SEC. 9-22. APPROVAL REQUIRED

Such variances and waivers may be granted by the affirmative vote of four-fifths (4/5's) of the members of the Board of Supervisors.

## SEC. 9-23. CONDITIONAL APPROVAL

In granting variances and modifications, the Board of Supervisors may require such conditions as will, in its judgment, secure substantially the objectives of the requirements so varied or modified.

## SEC. 9-24. AMENDMENTS

Any regulation or provision of this Chapter may be changed and amended from time to time by the Board of Supervisors; provided however, that such changes and

amendments shall not become effective until after study and report by the Planning and Zoning Commission and until after a public hearing has been held, a public notice of which shall have been given in the official newspapers in compliance with State law.

## SEC. 9-25. ENFORCEMENT

No plat of any subdivision shall be entitled to be recorded in the County Recorder's office or have validity until it shall have been approved in the manner prescribed herein. The Director shall not issue building permits or certificates of occupancy for any structure located in any subdivision, the plat of which has been prepared after November 15, 1979, but which has not been approved in accordance with the provisions contained herein.

## SEC. 9-26. MUNICIPAL INFRACTION

Whoever, being the owner or agent of the owner of any land located within the unincorporated area of Scott County, knowingly or with intent to defraud, transfers or sells by reference to or exhibition of or by other use of a plat of subdivision of such land before such plat has been approved by the Board of Supervisors, shall be liable for the penalties outlined in the municipal infraction Chapter 29 of the County Code.

## SEC. 9-27. FEES

All applications shall pay a fee based on the fee schedule approved by resolution of the Board of Supervisors.

## APPENDIX I

PROCEDURES FOR CONSTRUCTION PLANS SUBMITTAL & REVIEW, INSPECTION OF THE CONSTRUCTION OF SUBDIVISION IMPROVEMENTS, TESTING STANDARDS, AND OTHER GENERAL CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES.

#### I. GENERAL PURPOSE:

It is the intent of this Appendix to lay down and more clearly define the details, procedures and requirements for the plans, standards, specifications, inspections, and construction of subdivision plats covered in the main body of the County Subdivision Ordinance (Chapter 9 of the County Code).

## II. ORDER OF PROCEDURE:

The following steps, which will be explained in more detail in subsequent sections and which are also covered in the main body of the County Subdivision Ordinance, will be followed in considering any subdivision.

- A. Sketch plan optional.
- B. Preliminary plat.
- C. Engineering plans and specifications.
- D. Final plans, specifications, covenants, dedication, and final plat.
- E. Site grading and construction interim inspections.
- F. Final inspection and approval of construction.
- G. Two year maintenance construction warranty bond.
- H. Final re-inspection.

## IV. PRELIMINARY PLAT - PLAN:

The Preliminary Plat - Plan shall contain the information required under Section 9-13 of the Code and any other topographic features that may have an effect on the development and its design. Streets should be arranged to provide for a continuous circuit for travel and provide for two access points whenever possible; the right is reserved to reject "dead-end" streets or roads. The preliminary plat shall be subject to all the requirements of Section 9-17 of the Code, SUDAS and any other engineering criteria deemed appropriate and applicable.

The purpose of the preliminary plat is to provide for a review of the geometrics and general layout, safety of access points to county roads, the suitability and practicality of the proposed development, the compatibility with the surrounding area, the existence of any special topographical and/or soil problems, the need for any special design and plan requirements and other items affecting the development of the final plat.

## V. FINAL PLAT - ROAD PLANS:

After approval of the preliminary plan, the final construction plans shall be prepared by the developer's (owner's) engineer. These final plans shall contain detailed engineering drawings and specifications on all the proposed improvements and contain all the items under Section 9-15 of the Code and SUDAS. Additional information and engineering computations may be required to document and verify final design criteria. The plans and specifications shall be detailed enough to be used as construction plans for building the improvements within the subdivision. The final plans and specifications shall comply with the requirements and specifications given in this Appendix, SUDAS and in conformance with any additions or changes required by the Board of Supervisors or the County Engineer.

The road and drainage plans shall be drawn on plan and profile sheets measuring twenty-two inches by thirty-four inches (22" x 34"). The scale shall not be less than one (1) inch equals one hundred (100) feet horizontally and one (1) inch equals ten (10) feet vertically (recommend one (1) inch equals fifty (50) feet horizontally and one (1) inch equals five (5) feet vertically). The percent grades and length of vertical curves shall be shown as well as elevations every one hundred (100) feet for the finished surface grade. The storm drainage plans (surface and underground) shall be superimposed on the road plans along with grades and elevations. The road and drainage plans shall also include the water and sanitary sewer locations and grades. The plans shall also include a typical cross section or cross sections to which the streets are to be built with all necessary widths, depths and types of material to be used in their construction. The Engineer, in special cases, may require a complete soils survey by a competent soils engineer. If so required, a copy of the soil survey shall be attached to and made a part of the plans and specifications, including any and all recommendations by the soils engineer. The completed plans must bear the seal of the engineer.

Previous specifications listed in Appendix I now addressed by adoption of SUDAS or moved to SEC 9-17 Standards for Design and Development.

## VI. INSPECTION OF ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION:

After the final plans and specifications are approved all construction shall be done in accordance with said plans and specifications in accordance with the provisions of this

Appendix and the Subdivision Ordinance itself. The County Engineer, or a designated third party will inspect all phases of the construction of the streets and storm sewers. Regularly scheduled inspections will be required at each of the following stages and approval from the County Engineer's office will be required before proceeding to the next stage of construction.

- A. Preliminary site inspection upon receipt of preliminary plat.
- B. Plans and specifications site inspection upon receipt of engineering plans and specifications.
- C. Site grading and installation of underground storm sewer, sanitary sewer, water mains and other utilities.
- D. Subgrade inspection during construction of the grading and compacting of the subgrade to the required typical cross section and the grades shown on the engineering plans.
- E. Base inspection during construction of asphalt or aggregate base placement and compaction.
- F. Asphalt surface or concrete surface inspection -during construction of placing asphalt or concrete surface (also shoulder gravel for ditch section).
- G. Final construction inspection upon completion of all construction work including final soil erosion control, placement of signs and all other requirements associated with final plans.
- H. It will be the responsibility of the owner, developer or the engineer to notify the County Engineer's office at least two (2) days in advance of the time desired for any inspections. The County Engineer will schedule the required inspection as expeditiously as possible. It is desirable that the developer and his engineer be present at these inspections to discuss problems and remedies.

The County Engineer may allow a certified third party inspection services for the above described work. The certified inspection services shall include submittal of all observation notes, material testing results, material certifications and other inspection related documents. All costs associated with the third party inspection services shall be borne by the developer.

## VII. APPROVAL OF FINAL PLAN CONSTRUCTION:

After all construction has been completed, a certification from the developer and his engineer stating that all work has been completed in conformance with the final approved engineering plans and specifications as well as the requirements herein, will be required. This letter should also contain the request for the final inspection noted in Section VII-G previously. If the work is not complete and satisfactory, the developer or his engineer will be notified as to the deficiencies and a re-inspection will be made upon being notified that all deficiencies have been corrected.

Core samples will be taken to verify base and surface thicknesses and quality by a commercial testing company.

When all plat procedures have been completed satisfactorily, the final plat will be recommended by the County Engineer for Board approval or construction bond release. Prior to the final construction approval and/or construction bond release, the subdivider/owner shall furnish the warranty (two years) as required in Section 9-19 (J) of the Code to the legal entity responsible for road maintenance.

If the construction is being done under the bonding procedures noted in the Subdivision Ordinance, partial releases may be requested and allowed by the County Engineer as specific items of work are completed.

Record samples and cores may be required by the County Engineer and tested to ascertain that the materials and workmanship comply with the requirements noted herein.

VIII. ENGINEERING INSPECTION, TESTING AND ADMINISTRATIVE COST The subdivider/owner shall reimburse the County Engineer's office (Secondary Roads Department) for the cost expended for all inspection services, testing and related administrative expenses furnished and conducted by or on behalf of the County Secondary Road Department. Adequate records and documentation will be kept by the Secondary Roads Department to provide for an accounting of these costs. As-built plans shall be submitted both to the County Engineer's office and to the legal entity which will own and be responsible for maintenance of the improvements. Copies of all inspection reports and testing results shall also be provided to both parties.

Section 3. The County Auditor is directed to record this ordinance in the County Recorder's Office.

## Section 4. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE

If any of the provisions of this Ordinance are for any reason illegal or void, then the lawful provisions of the Ordinance, which are separate from said unlawful provisions shall be and remain in full force and effect, the same as if the Ordinance contained no illegal or void provisions.

## Section 5. REPEALER

All ordinances or part of ordinances in conflict with the provisions of the Ordinance are hereby repealed.

## Section 6. EFFECTIVE DATE

This Ordinance shall be in full force and effect after its final passage and publication as by law provided.

Moved by Knobbe, seconded by Maxwell a motion to approve a letter to be sent to the City of Riverdale on a proposed URA and TIF financing plan. Roll Call: Four Ayes, with Croken voting Nay.

Moved by Kinzer, seconded by Croken that the following resolution be approved. Roll Call: All Ayes.

BE IT RESOLVED: 1) The hiring of Jennifer Stout for the position of Public Health Nurse in the Health Department at the entry level rate. 2) The hiring of Christopher Mathias for the position of Planning and Development Director in the Planning and Development Department at step 7 and accruing annual vacation at the rate of 160 hours annually.

Moved by Maxwell, seconded by Knobbe that the following resolution be approved. Roll Call: All Ayes.

BE IT RESOLVED: 1) The Scott County Board supports the grant application being submitted to the Vision Iowa CAT (Community Attraction and Tourism) by the Nahant Marsh. 2) The County Board agrees to participate via \$30,000 in FY 2021, \$30,000 in 2022 and \$40,000 in 2023. 3) This resolution shall take effect immediately.

Moved by Maxwell, seconded by Knobbe a motion to approve filing of second quarter FY21 quarterly financial reports from various county offices. Roll Call: All Ayes.

Moved by Maxwell, seconded by Knobbe a motion approving a beer/liquor license renewal (plus ownership change) for Express Lane Gas & Food Mart #79, 17948 Great River Road, Pleasant Valley and a beer/liquor license renewal for Glynns Creek Golf Course, 19251 290th Street, Long Grove. Roll Call: All Ayes.

Moved by Maxwell, seconded by Knobbe that the following resolution be approved. Roll Call: All Ayes.

BE IT RESOLVED: 1) The Scott County Board of Supervisors approves for payment all warrants numbered 309975 through 310161 as submitted and prepared for payment by the County Auditor, in the total amount of \$564,224.85. 2) This resolution shall take effect immediately.

Under other items of interest, Mahesh Sharma, County Administrator, said in two weeks the Board will be approving the budget. He said in these two weeks any comments or concerns are welcomed. He also thanked the Board for approving the Planning and Development Department Director position and said Health Department Director Ed Rivers is retiring.

Ed Rivers, Health Department Director, said his last day as Director would be March 5, 2021 and said the department has done a great deal of good work in the community. He also said he has enjoyed working with the Board of Supervisors over the last ten years.

Supervisor Kinzer reviewed a recent event of the Partners of Scott County Watershed and said Supervisor Knobbe donated supplies as well as volunteered for the event.

Kinzer also reviewed an email received from Major Roth thanking Matt Hirst and IT staff for what they have done and how they work hand in hand with the Sheriff's Department.

Kinzer also asked for a Park View property ordinance and enforcement update.

Moved by Kinzer, seconded by Knol Call: All Ayes.	bbe at 5:59 p.m. a motion to adjourn. Roll
	Ken Beck, Chair of the Board Scott County Board of Supervisors
ATTEST: Roxanna Moritz Scott County Auditor	

A video recording of the meeting is available on the Scott County website at: https://www.scottcountyiowa.gov/board/board-meetings.